Safety Data Sheet

1250 Dye Ink

SECTION1	Product Identi cationand General Information
Manufactured for	: Hitt Marking Devices
Product Informat	ion: 800-969-6699
Emergency Conta	ct /Phone Number (24 Hour): Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (for chemical emergencies)
	e Number (Outside U.S. and Canada): Chemtrec +01-703-527 3887
Product Numbers	: 1250 Dye Ink (black, blue, green, red, violet, brown)
Chemical Name:	1250 Dye Ink
Date MSDS Prepa	ared: 9/25/2021

This MSDShasbeen prepared for the purposes of Hazard Communication, under 29 CFR 1910.1200.

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EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Danger! Flammable liquid, Target Organ Effect, Harmful by Skin Absorption. Explosive

peroxides may form on prolonged storage in contact with air and heat.

Target Organs: Nerves, Liver, Heart, Lungs, Blood, Kidney, Male Reproductive System, Bone m arrow

GHS Classification: Flammable liquids; Skin irritation; Eye irritation; Specific target organ toxicity

GHS Label Elements, including Precautionary Statements:



Pictograms :

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements : Highly Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin and eye irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary Statements: Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces . No smoking.

Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray.

Use personal protective equipment as required.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Potential Health Effects:

Inhalation: May be harmful if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation. Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Skin: May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin irritation.

Eyes: Causes eye irritation.

Ingestion: May be harmful if swallowed. Aspiration hazard if swallowed - can enter lungs and cause damage.

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, skin absorption, skin contact, and eye contact.

<u>Chronic Exposure</u>: May cause reproductive and fetal effects (Ethanol). Laboratory experiments have resulted in mutagenic effects. Animal studies have reported the development of tumors. Prolonged exposure may cause liver, kidney, and heart damage.

Target Organs: Kidneys, heart, central nervous system, liver.

Pre-Existing Conditions: May aggravate persons with pre-existing skin disorders, digestive, liver, and kidney problems.

SECTION3 Composition/Information on Ingredients							
Contents	Percent by Weight	CASNo.	OSHAPEL	ACGIHTLV	LISTEDCARCINOGEN (IARC/OSHA/NTP)		
Ethanol	30% - 35%	64-17-5	1000 ppm	1000 ppm	No		
Ethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether	35% - 40%	107-98-2	25 ppm	0.1 ppm	No		
Diacetone Alcohol	20% - 25%	123-42-2	50 ppm	50 ppm	No		
Modi edPolymers/Binders	5% - 10%	Proprietary			No		
4-(phenylazo)benzene-1,3-diamine	1% - 2%	495-54-5			No		
Rhodamine B, O	1% - 2%	81-88-9			No		

There is no toxicity data available for this mixture. The hazards associated with overexposure to this mixture are assumed to be due to exposure to the components.

SECTION4 First Aid Procedures

Eye Contact: Flush with copious amounts of water for at least 15 minutes, lifting lower and upper eyelids occasionally. Get medical attention.

Skin Contact: In case of contact, immediately ushskin with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Call a physician immediately.

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give arti cialrespiration. If breathing is dif cult, give oxygen. Call a physician immediately.

Ingestion: Inducing vomiting should only be performed under the direct supervision of medical supervision. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.

Flash Point: <70°F

Fire and Explosion Hazards: Flammable Liquid. Dangerous rehazard when exposed to heat or ame.

Extinguishing Media: Water spray, foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC) are preferred, if available.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: In the event of a re, wear full protective clothing and NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. Water spray may be used to keep re-exposed containers cool.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: This ammable liquid must be kept away from sparks, open ame, hot surfaces, and all sources of heat and ignition. Decomposition materials may emit acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (including empty) because product can ignite explosively.

Spill Procedure: Ventilate area of leak or spill. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Contain and recover liquid when possible. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Collect liquid in an appropriate container or absorb with an inert material (i.e., vermiculite, dry sand, and earth), and place in a chemical waste container. Do not use combustible materials, such as sawdust. Do not ushto sewer! If leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors, to protect personnel attempting to stop leak, and to ushspills away from exposures.

US Regulations (CERCLA) require reporting spills and releases to soil, water, and air in excess of reportable quantities.

SECTION7 Handling and Storage

Precautions: Protect against physical damage. Store in a cool, dry well-ventilated location, away from any area where the re hazard may be acute. Separate from incompatibles. Containers should be bonded and grounded for transfers to avoid static sparks. Storage and use areas should be NO SMOKINGareas. Use non-sparking tools and equipment, including explosion proof ventilation. Containers of this material may be hazardous when empty since they retain product residues (vapors, liquid); observe all warnings and precautions listed for the product.

SECTION8 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Eye Protection: Use chemical safety glasses or goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work area.

Ventilation System: A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits. Local exhaust ventilation is generally preferred because it can control the emissions of the contaminant at its source, preventing dispersion of it into the general work area. Use explosion-proof equipment.

Respiratory Protection: Appropriate respiratory protection is required when exposure to airborne contaminant is likely to exceed acceptable limits. Respirators should be selected and used in accordance with OSHAPart 1910.134 and manufacturer's recommendations.

Skin Protection: Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or overalls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact. Check with your safety supplier for the proper chemical-resistant gloves.

SECTION9 Physical and Chemical Properties Appearance: Colored Liquids Odor: Alcohol - like odor Vapor Density: >1 (Air = 1) Physical State: Liquid Odor: Alcohol - like odor

SECTION10 Stability and Reactivity

Speci cGravity: >1 (Water = 1)

Stability: Under normal storage conditions, peroxidizable compounds can form and accumulate peroxides which may explode when subjected to heat or shock. This material is most hazardous when peroxide levels are concentrated by distillation or evaporation.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat, ames, sparks, ignition sources and incompatibles.

Incompatibility (materials to avoid): Oxidizing materials.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide may form when heated to decomposition.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Toxicological Data: There is no available data for the product itself.

SECTION12 Ecological Information

Environmental Toxicity: The ecological characteristics of this product have not been fully investigated. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses or be deposited where it can affect ground or surface waters. Do not discharge product into the environment.

SECTION13 Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Method: Recovered non-usable material may be regulated as a hazardous waste due to its ignitibility and/or its toxic characteristics. It is the responsibility of the user to determine if the material is a RCRA "hazardous waste" at the time of disposal. Transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of waste material must be conducted in accordance with RCRA regulations. State and/or local regulations may be more restrictive.

SECTION14	Transport Information
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USDOT and IMDG Regulations

Proper Shipping Name – UN1210, Printing Ink, 3, PG II Hazard Class – 3 (Flammable Liquid) Identi cationNumber – UN1210 Label Required – Flammable

IATA Regulations

Proper Shipping - UN1210, Printing Ink, 3, PG II

SECTION15 Regulatory Information

Toxic Substances Chemical Inventory (TSCA): This product (and/or all of its components) is in compliance with USEPA TSCA.

SECTION16 Other Information

HMIS Hazard Rating: Health – 2; Fire – 3; Reactivity – 0; PPE – Goggles & Shield; Apron; Proper Gloves; Fire Extinguisher

MSDS Preparation Date: 9/25/2021

DISCLAIMER:

The information accumulated herein is believed to be accurate and represents the best data currently available. It is the user's responsibility to determine suitability of use. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made and Hitt Marking Devices assumes no legal responsibility or liability resulting from its use. Materials comprising <1% by weight, or <0.1% byweight if the chemical is a carcinogen, are not listed herein.